## CLAIM AMENDMENTS:

Please cancel Claims 2 and 11, and amend Claims 1, 3, 7 and 9 as follows:

(Currently Amended) A field effect transistor comprising:
 a substrate comprising a source region and a drain region;
 an insulating layer arranged on the substrate; and
 a porous body which has pillar-shaped holes arranged on the insulating
layer, wherein the porous body includes a semiconductor material the insulating layer is formed between the substrate and the porous body.

## (Cancelled)

- (Currently Amended) The field-effect transistor according to Claim [[2]]
   characterized in that the porous [[film]] <u>body</u> is composed of an insulating material or a semiconductor material
- (Original) The field-effect transistor according to Claim 3, characterized in that the semiconductor material is a material which uses silicon, germanium, or silicon and germanium as a main component.
- (Original) The field-effect transistor according to Claim 3, characterized in that the insulating material is a material which uses silicon oxide as a main component.
- 6. (Original) The field-effect transistor according to Claim 1, characterized in that average pore diameter of the pillar-shaped pores is 20 nm or less, and mean pore density is  $1.5 \times 10^{11}$  pores/cm<sup>2</sup> or more.

- (Currently Amended) The field-effect transistor according to Claim 1, having on surfaces of the pillar-shaped pores a detected detection material for detecting a specific detection detected material.
- (Original) The field-effect transistor according to Claim 7, characterized in that the detection material is a biomaterial.
- (Currently Amended) The field-effect transistor according to Claim 6, characterized in that the detection material causes a change of an electric charge state by contacting with [[a]] the detected material.
  - 10. (Original) A sensor using the field-effect transistor according to Claim 1.
  - 11. (Cancelled)